Master Syllabus

PTA 1120 - Functional Anatomy Lecture

Division: Health Sciences Department: Rehabilitation Services Credit Hour Total: 1.0 Prerequisite(s): PTA 1000 Other Prerequisite(s): Restricted to Majors Date Revised: March 2016

Course Description:

Human anatomy and clinical kinesiology with emphasis on integration of neuromusculoskeletal anatomy, physiology, physics principles and biomechanics in relationship to human movement.

General Education Outcomes:

Critical Thinking/Problem Solving Competency
Information Literacy Competency

Course Outcomes:

Anatomical Relationships Student will understand the relationship between physical laws, kinesiological concepts, biomechanical principles and human motion.

Assessment Method: Focus groups Performance Criteria:

Achieve at least a 77% on group discussion questions

Assessment Method: Locally developed exams Performance Criteria:

Answer at least 77% of the questions correctly

Terminology

Student will define and correctly utilize terminology related to body position and human movement in written communication.

Assessment Method: Focus groups Performance Criteria:

Achieve at least a 77% on group discussion questions

Assessment Method: Locally developed exams Performance Criteria:

Answer at least 77% of the questions correctly

Anatomical Architecture

Student will describe the architecture, function, and location of structures within the musculoskeletal and neurovascular systems, and their relationship to other anatomical structures.

Assessment Method: Focus groups Performance Criteria:

Achieve at least a 77% on group discussion questions

Assessment Method: Locally developed exams Performance Criteria:

Answer at least 77% of the questions correctly

Outline:

Introduction to body positions and kinesiology Bones and bone markings Skeletal structures Joints and joint motions Reliance of organ systems and fascia Muscle structure and function Central nervous system and peripheral nervous system Skeletal, joint, and muscle structure of the upper extremities Skeletal, joint, and muscle structure of the lower extremities Skeletal, joint, and muscle structure of the spine Skeletal, joint, and muscle structure of the temporomandibular joint Total body movement