# **Master Syllabus**

### **EET 1150 - DC Circuits**

**Division:** Science, Mathematics and Engineering **Department:** Electronics Engineering Technology

Credit Hour Total: 4.0 Lecture Hrs: 3.0 Lab Hrs: 3.0

Prerequisite(s): MAT 0200 Date Revised: April 2017

#### **Course Description:**

Electrical components and quantities, voltage, current and resistance, Ohm's law; analysis of series, parallel and series-parallel circuits, circuit theorems, capacitors and inductors, transient response of capacitive and inductive circuits. Three classroom, three lab hours per week.

### **General Education Outcomes:**

Critical Thinking/Problem Solving Competency

#### **Course Outcomes:**

### Measurements

Use DC multimeter and oscilloscope to properly make measurements.

Assessment Method: Performance appraisals

Performance Criteria: Score higher than 17.5 on a five by five rubric

#### DC relationships and concepts

Apply knowledge of DC relationships and concepts when working in a DC environment.

**Assessment Method:** Locally developed exams **Performance Criteria:** Earn 70% or higher

#### Simulation software use

Use simulation software to determine an expected reaction to changes in the circuit.

**Assessment Method:** Simulations **Performance Criteria:** Score "17.5" or better on a five by five rubric

#### **Technical communication**

Communicate technical information orally and in writing with peers and others.

**Assessment Method:** Performance appraisals **Performance Criteria:** Score "17.5" or better on a five by five rubric

## Schematic and circuit relationships

Use the information on the schematic to identify and assess circuits and components.

**Assessment Method:** Locally developed exams **Performance Criteria:** Earn 70% or better

### **Outline:**

Electrical components and quantitiesDefinitions of voltage, current, resistance and powerOhm's Law, Kirchhoff's lawsCircuit analysis of series, parallel, and series-parallelCircuit theorems including mesh and/or nodal analysisProperties of capacitors and inductors and their behavior under DC conditions